

FOREIGN NEWS.

OVER TEN THOUSAND CHRISTIANS MASSACRED IN TONGKIN.

Procautions to Protect Potentates.—Great Mortality on the Afghan Frontier.—Crucifixes in Canadian Courts.—The Cholera Epidemic.

Berlin, Aug. 11.—The *National Gazette* states that Prince Dolgoroi, ambassador to the czar and military attaché of the Russian embassy at Berlin, has gone to Gastein to arrange for a meeting between Emperor William and the czar after the meeting of the latter and Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria at Krennau.

Gen. Fovet, the Russian minister of war, is already at Warsaw making preparations for the czar's visit to the emperor of Germany. The army is being mobilized to occupy the different lines of railway to be traversed by the czar and to guard the frontier, the czar's crossing. The military precautions taken last year to protect the czar against an outrage by nihilists are being repeated on a larger scale, owing to the authorities having received information to the effect that the nihilists in Europe have recently shown great activity and have plenty of money.

Paris, Aug. 11.—Further advices from Tongkin state that the bishop of Quinhon reports that over 10,000 Christians have been massacred in the provinces of Binh Dinh and Phuyen. Murders and incendiary fires are of daily occurrence. The vicariate has been annihilated.

PLOT TO ASSASSINATE KING ALFONSO.

London, Aug. 11.—Paul Angulo and other Spanish refugees in London are under surveillance, the Spanish government having received information that a plot to assassinate King Alfonso has been arranged by the English and that emissaries have left England via France for the Spanish frontier. The Madrid government is considering whether to demand the surrender of Angulo on the charge of the murder of Gen. Prim. All the leading republicans, including Castelar, Salmeron, Zorrilla and Mangal, declare that they have no sympathy with the Angulo party. The *Globe*, Castelar's organ, declares that Angulo should be classed among common criminals and that the French government should be brought to justice.

THE QUEEN'S SPEECH.—A MANIFESTO.

London, Aug. 11.—Lord Salisbury has drafted the queen's speech for parliament. He aimed to make it a manifesto in favor of the conservatives. The speech will refer to the question of Ireland without coercion, the successful issue of the Egyptian loan, the revival of peaceful relations and friendly alliance with foreign powers, and the activity of legislation since the torques came into effect as matter for national congratulation.

GREAT MORTALITY ON THE AFGHAN FRONTIER.

Tehran, Aug. 11.—Cholera and dysentery are causing great mortality among the Russians on the Afghan frontier, especially at Herat. Twenty-eight thousand Russian infantry and 16,000 cavalry are now in Trans-Caspian territory.

CRUCIFIXES IN CANADIAN COURTS.

London, Aug. 11.—The Right Hon. Frederick A. Stanley, colonial secretary, in reply to a question by Mr. Henry Broadhurst, radical member for Stoke-on-Trent, said in the house this afternoon that the Queen's government had the power to pass a bill enacting that crucifixes be placed in courts of justice and enforce its operation without the approval of England.

THE CHOLERA EPIDEMIC.

Madrid, Aug. 11.—Thirty-five hundred and ten new cases and 1,343 deaths from the disease were reported yesterday. These statistics do not convey the whole truth about the prevalence of the scourge, as they are not complete. Cholera has made its appearance in Barcelona, Bilbao, San Sebastian, Santander, Tordes, and Tolosa.

Relatives of cholera patients in many of the Spanish provinces assault the doctors in the belief that they poison their patients.

The archbishop of Seville died of cholera yesterday.

Marseilles, Aug. 11.—The chamber of commerce has petitioned the government to urge foreign governments to regulate the movement of cholera patients, especially those maintained by Spain and at Gibraltar. There were 39 deaths from cholera in this city to day. Fourteen new patients were admitted to the Pharo Hospital. Several cases of cholera are reported from the Bassees Alpes.

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MICHAEL MULLEN PARDONED.

THE PRESIDENT REVIVES THE MEMORY OF AN ELECTION OUTRAGE IN OHIO.

Cincinnati, Aug. 10.—Possibly no one in Cincinnati was more surprised to-day than Michael Mullen, ex-police lieutenant, who has been serving, since Jan. 3, a term in the Hamilton county jail for a violation of the United States election laws. The surprise came in the shape of an official document from the executive department in Washington, and was nothing less than an unconditional pardon. The crime of which Mullen was convicted was as flagrant as could well be imagined, but the Democratic papers in their eagerness to find a flaw in the official course of Col. Wright, who was the United States marshal for the district in the congressional election, seemed to ignore the act of a Democratic policeman which prevented more than 100 colored men from voting. On the night before the election in October Mullen appeared at the Hamilton street police station and went on duty, although he was on the day watch that month. Shortly before midnight he was ordered to go to the station house and Mullen with a squad of his men went to a colored boarding house on the river front kept by John Venable. He caused to be arrested not only the boarders in the house, but a number of others who were near these men, over 100 in number, were taken back to the station, but instead of being locked in cells, were hustled down to the basement. They were given no chance to defend themselves, and were crowded with and there they remained until 5 p. m. on election day, when they were unceremoniously released without a word of explanation. Their names were not taken on the state and no charges were ever made against them. Mullen was promptly arrested and convicted by a jury in the United States court. Judge Sage sentenced him to imprisonment for one year. Mullen's friends made the prediction that he would not be eligible for the crime, but that officials of higher grade instigated it. For some time efforts have been made to have him released, and to-day the matter culminated in his pardon. The pardon gives as the grounds for the action of the President the general good reputation of the prisoner, the fact that the application was signed by many first-class citizens, that Mullen probably misapprehended his position, and his other reasons. Mullen is now in the city, but the reasons given are not likely to be received with favor by those who know the actual facts of the outrage.

LAUNCH OF A LARGE SHIP.

Rockport, Me., Aug. 11.—The four-masted ship Frederick Billings was launched to-day at Rockport. She is the second largest ship ever built in the United States, and the only four-masted ship in the world. She is 201 feet long, 28 feet beam, 181 feet deep. Her masts will extend seventy feet above the Brooklyn bridge, and three of the four sections will have to be lowered in order to pass under that structure. Her total cost is \$150,000.

EX-SERVICES TELLER TAKES ABOUT CHATTE.

Chicago, Aug. 11.—Ex-Services Teller, in an interview here to-day, denies that he has anything to do with the case of the late Ambassador to Spain, and that he has been arrested or imprisoned. He says that he was at the time, and incorporated the statement in his report to the government. He says that he was at the time, and incorporated the statement in his report to the government. He says that he was at the time, and incorporated the statement in his report to the government.

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FATAL ACCIDENT.

ELEVEN MINERS SUFFOCATED BY FOUL GAS.

Several Bodies Recovered.—Heroic but Fruitless Efforts to Rescue Other Victims.—The Disaster Caused by a Singular Oversight.

WILKES-BARRE, PA., Aug. 11.—The mine of the West End Coal Company, operated by Cunningham, Tensdale & Co., at Monacaqua, was the scene of a peculiar and terrible accident this morning. Just before the night shift went off duty the fan broke. The boss knew of this, so did the men on the day shift, but they entered the mine, but without this they went into the mine, taking a great risk.

There were about thirty in all who were supplied with safety lamps, as it was well known that the gas would accumulate. About seventy-five men were in the mine at the time work began. The workmen repairing the fan were the first who were overcome by the gas, and in about an hour later the same fate befell many of the miners. The men fairly realized their danger, but they were too late. Those who could make their escape did so. Supt. John Tensdale, with a corps of men as a relief, went to the mine, and in the end, after a long and desperate struggle, they were able to rescue the bodies of the victims.

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TELEGRAPH CONTROVERSY.

ANOTHER CHAPTER—FURTHER INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE.

New York, Aug. 11.—Another chapter in the telegraph controversy is given to the public to-day. It is as follows: EXECUTIVE OFFICE, WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY, New York, Aug. 11, 1885. TO THE ASSOCIATED PRESS: To correct the impression created by Mr. Robert Garrett's editorial in this morning's paper, I respectfully ask that you give the entire cable correspondence to the Associated Press, and that you do not publish any of the correspondence between this company and the Baltimore and Annapolis Telegraph Company, or any other company, without our consent. Very respectfully, N. GREEN, President.

N. GREEN, PRESIDENT.

LONDON, July 11, 1885.—Dr. NORVIG GREEN, New York: Your letter received. I have had some form of deal with Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company suggested here, but no figure proposed. I cannot Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company give order to admit examination of revenue and expenses. N. GREEN.

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CLERKS AND THEIR LEAVES.

COMPARATIVE PEACE NOW PREVAILING AMONG VACATIONERS TO BE TAKEN IN COMFORT.

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